

1. A decorative hard coating comprising zirconium-aluminium oxycarbonitride.

- 2. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, having a CIELAB color of 'L' of at least about 76, 'a' of at most about one, and 'b' of at most about five.
- 3. The decorative hard coating as in claim 2, having a Vickers hardness of at least about 15 GPa.
- 4. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, having a CIELAB color of 'L' of at least about 76, '|a|' of at most about one, and '|b|' of at most about four.
- 5. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, having a Vickers hardness of at least about 15 GPa.
- 6. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, having a lower atomic concentration of aluminium than of zirconium.
- 7. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, wherein atomic concentration of aluminium is less than about one fifth that of zirconium.
- 8. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, having relative atomic concentrations of Zr:Al:N:O:C of approximately 56:10:23:7:4.
- 9. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, overlying a substrate, wherein the decorative hard coating further comprises an intermediate layer of a metal, alloy or metal oxycarbonitride.

- 10. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, wherein constituents of the decorative hard coating have varying relative concentrations through the thickness of the coating.
- 11. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, overlying a substrate of metal, plastic, or ceramic.
- 12. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, deposited by evaporation, arc deposition, sputtering, or a combination thereof.
- 13. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, having a thickness between about 0.2 micron to about 3 microns.
- 14. The decorative hard coating as in claim 13, wherein the decorative hard coating consists substantially of zirconium-aluminium oxycarbonitride.
- 15. The decorative hard coating as in claim 1, overlying a user-visible portion of a household appliance, an automobile part, a kitchen or bathroom accessory, a watch, or jewellery.
- 16. A coated article comprising a substrate and a decorative hard coating above the substrate that comprises oxycarbonitrides of zinconium and aluminium.
- 17. The coated article as in claim 16, wherein the coated article is a household appliance, an automobile part, a kitchen or bathroom accessory, a watch, or jewellery.
- A decorative hard coating comprising an aluminium or aluminium-rich oxycarbonitride layer on a zirconium-rich oxycarbonitride layer.
  - 19. The decorative hard coating as in claim 18, wherein the zirconium-rich

oxycarbonitride layer has a CIELAB '|b|' value of greater than about five, and the overall decorative hard coating has a CIELAB '|b|' value of at most about five.

- 20. The decorative hard coating as in claim 18, having a CIELAB color of 'L' of at least about 76, '|a|' of at most about 1, and '|b|' of at most about five.
- 21. The decorative hard coating as in claim 18, having a Vickers hardness of at least about 15 GPa.
- 22. A decorative hard coating comprising an aluminium or aluminium-rich oxycarbonitride layer overlying a stainless steel-rich oxycarbonitride layer.
- 23. The decorative hard coating as in claim 22, having a CIELAB color of 'L' of at least about 76, '|a|' of at most about 1, and '|b|' of at most about five.
- 24. The decorative hard coating as in claim 22, having a Vickers hardness of at least about 15 GPa.
- 25. The decorative hard coating as in claim 22, applied to a substrate and further comprising a layer of metal, alloy, or metal oxycarbonitride.
- A decorative hard coating comprising an underlayer and an overlayer, wherein the underlayer comprises metal-rich oxycarbonitride, and the overlayer comprises aluminium in some form.
- 27. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, wherein the underlayer has a CIELAB color value '|b|' of greater than about five, and the decorative hard coating has a CIELAB color value '|b|' of at most about five.

- 28. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, wherein the overlayer comprises aluminium in the form of aluminium oxycarbonitride or metallic aluminium.
- 29. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, wherein the metal-rich oxycarbonitride is zirconium-rich oxycarbonitride.
- 30. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, wherein the metal-rich oxycarbonitride comprises zirconium-rich oxycarbonitride or stainless steel-rich oxycarbonitride.
- 31. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, wherein the overlayer consists substantially of aluminium or aluminium-rich oxycarbonitride, and the underlayer consists substantially of metal-rich oxycarbonitride.
- 32. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, having thickness of about 0.2 micron to about 3 microns.
- 33. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, wherein the underlayer has a CIELAB '|b|' value of greater than about five, and the decorative hard coating has a CIELAB '|b|' value of at most about five.
- 34. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, having a CIELAB color of 'L' of at least about 76, '|a|' of at most about 1, and '|b|' of at most about five.
- 35. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, having a Vickers hardness of at least about 15 GPa.

- 36. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, having a Vickers hardness of at least about 15 GPa and a CIELAB color of 'L' of at least about 76, '|a|' of at most about 1, and '|b|' of at most about five; wherein the underlayer has a CIELAB 'b' value of greater than about five.
- 37. The decorative hard coating as in claim 26, deposited on a substrate by evaporation, arc deposition, sputtering, or a combination thereof.
  - A method of making a metallic white decorative coating comprising: providing a substrate; and forming a layer of zirconium-aluminium oxycarbonitride over the substrate.
- 39. The method according to claim 38, wherein the forming step comprises arc depositing zirconium and magentron sputtering of aluminium, with a gas mixture of argon, nitrogen, oxygen, and acetylene.
- 40. A method of making a metallic white decorative coating comprising:

  providing a substrate;

  forming a layer of metal-rich oxycarbonitride over the substrate; and

  forming a layer of aluminium or aluminium-rich oxycarbonitride over the layer of

  metal-rich oxycarbonitride.
- 41. The method according to claim 40, wherein the step of forming the layer of of metal-rich oxycarbonitride comprises depositing zirconium and aluminium, with a gas mixture including at least nitrogen.